

Dalton State College

Benchmark Comparisons August 2008



Benchmark

Items

Description & Survey

individual items used in its creation are summarized.

A description of the

benchmark and the

Interpreting the **Benchmark Comparisons Report**

To focus discussions about the importance of student engagement and guide institutional improvement efforts, NSSE created five Benchmarks of Effective Educational Practice: Level of Academic Challenge, Active and Collaborative Learning, Student-Faculty Interaction, Enriching Educational Experiences, and Supportive Campus Environment. This Benchmark Comparisons Report compares the performance of your institution with your selected peers or consortium. In addition, page 9 provides two other comparisons between your school and (a) above-average institutions with benchmarks in the top 50% of all NSSE institutions and (b) high-performing institutions with benchmarks in the top 10% of all NSSE institutions. These displays allow you to determine if the engagement of your typical student differs in a statistically significant, meaningful way from the average student in these comparison groups. More detailed information about how benchmarks are created can be found on the NSSE Web site at www.nsse.iub.edu/2008_Institutional_Report/.

Statistical Significance Benchmarks with mean differences that are larger than would be expected by chance alone are noted with one, two, or three asterisks, denoting one of three **Class and Sample** significance levels (p<.05, p<.01, and p<.001). The smaller the significance level, Means are reported for the smaller the likelihood that the difference is due to chance. Please note that Effect Sizea first-year students and statistical significance does not guarantee that the result is substantive or Effect size indicates the seniors. Institutionimportant. Large sample sizes (as with the NSSE project) tend to produce more practical significance of the reported class ranks statistically significant results even though the magnitude of mean differences may mean difference. It is are used. All randomly be inconsequential. It is recommended to consult effect sizes to judge the practical calculated by dividing the selected students are meaning of the results. mean difference by the pooled included in these standard deviation. In practice, analyses. Students in an effect size of .2 is often targeted or locally considered small, .5 moderate, administered Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) and .8 large. A positive sign oversamples are not Benchmark Comparisons indicates that your included. institution's mean was greater, thus showing an affirmative NSSEville State Mid East Public Carn NSSE 2008 result for the institution. A First-Year 52.1 51.5 .02 51.7 .00 negative sign indicates the -.02 51.8 55.2 55.1 55.6 institution lags behind the comparison group, suggesting that the student behavior or institutional practice represented by the item may Mean warrant attention. The mean is the weighted arithmetic average of student level benchmark scores. Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote high levels of student achievement by emphasizing the importance of academic effort and setting high expectations for student performance.

Preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, rehearsing, etc. related to academic program)

Coursework emphasizing analysis of the basic elements of an idea, experience or theory

and relationsings.

Coursework emphasizing the making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods.

Coursework emphasizing application of theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations.

Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations.

Campus environment emphasizing time studying and on academic work

Coursework emphasizing synthesis and organizing of ideas, informand relationships

Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings
Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings
Number of written papers or reports of 20 pages or more; number of written papers or reports of between 5 and 19 pages; and number of written papers or reports of fewer than 5 pages

Bar Charts

A visual display of first-year

and senior mean benchmark

your selected peer or

consortium groups.

scores for your institution and

^a See the NSSE Effect Size Interpretation Guide at www.nsse.iub.edu/html/effect size guide.cfm for additional information.

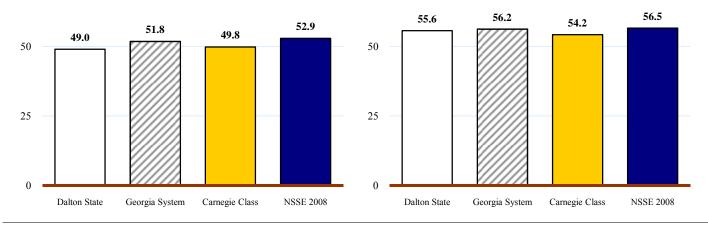
Level of Academic Challenge (LAC)

Benchmark Comparisons

	Dalton State	Georgia System	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2008
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a Sig ^b Size ^c	Mean ^a Sig ^b Size ^c	Mean ^a Sig ^b Size ^c
First-Year	49.0	51.8 ***21	49.806	52.9 ***29
Senior	55.6	56.204	54.2 .10	56.507

First-Year Senior

100



Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) Items

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote high levels of student achievement by emphasizing the importance of academic effort and setting high expectations for student performance.

- Preparing for class (studying, reading, writing, doing homework or lab work, etc. related to academic program)
- Number of assigned textbooks, books, or book-length packs of course readings
- Number of written papers or reports of <u>20 pages or more</u>; number of written papers or reports of <u>between 5 and 19 pages</u>; and number of written papers or reports of <u>fewer than 5 pages</u>
- Coursework emphasizes: Analysis of the basic elements of an idea, experience or theory
- Coursework emphasizes: Synthesis and organizing of ideas, information, or experiences into new, more complex interpretations and relationships
- Coursework emphasizes: Making of judgments about the value of information, arguments, or methods
- Coursework emphasizes: Applying theories or concepts to practical problems or in new situations
- Working harder than you thought you could to meet an instructor's standards or expectations
- Campus environment emphasizes: Spending significant amount of time studying and on academic work.

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL)

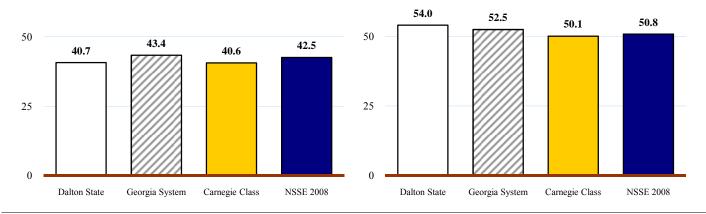
Benchmark Comparisons

Dalton State compared with:

	Dalton State	Georgia Syst	tem	Carnegie	Clas	S	NSSE	2008	
			Effect			Effect			Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a Sig ^b	Size c	Mean ^a S	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c
First-Year	40.7	43.4 ***	16	40.6		.00	42.5	*	11
Senior	54.0	52.5	.09	50.1	**	.22	50.8	**	.18

First-Year Senior

100



Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) Items

Students learn more when they are intensely involved in their education and asked to think about what they are learning in different settings. Collaborating with others in solving problems or mastering difficult material prepares students for the messy, unscripted problems they will encounter daily during and after college.

- Asked questions in class or contributed to class discussions
- Made a class presentation
- Worked with other students on projects during class
- Worked with classmates **outside of class** to prepare class assignments
- Tutored or taught other students (paid or voluntary)
- Participated in a community-based project (e.g., service learning) as part of a regular course
- Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with others outside of class (students, family members, co-workers, etc.)

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI)

Benchmark Comparisons

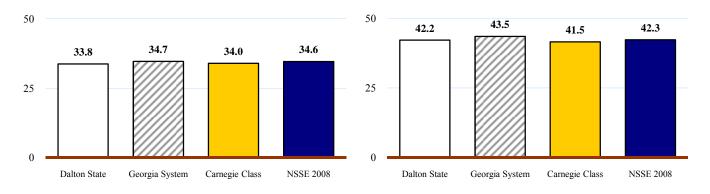
Dalton State compared with:

	Dalton State	Georgia S	System	Carneg	ie Class	}	NSS	ISSE 2008				
			Effect			Effect			Effect			
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a Sig	b Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c			
First-Year	33.8	34.7	05	34.0		01	34.6	5	05			
Senior	42.2	43.5	06	41.5		.03	42.3	3	.00			

First-Year Senior

100

75 — 75 —



Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) Items

Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve practical problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside the classroom. As a result, their teachers become role models, mentors, and guides for continuous, life-long learning.

- Discussed grades or assignments with an instructor
- Talked about career plans with a faculty member or advisor
- Discussed ideas from your readings or classes with faculty members outside of class
- Worked with faculty members on activities other than coursework (committees, orientation, student-life activities, etc.)
- Received prompt written or oral feedback from faculty on your academic performance
- Worked on a research project with a faculty member outside of course or program requirements

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE)

Benchmark Comparisons

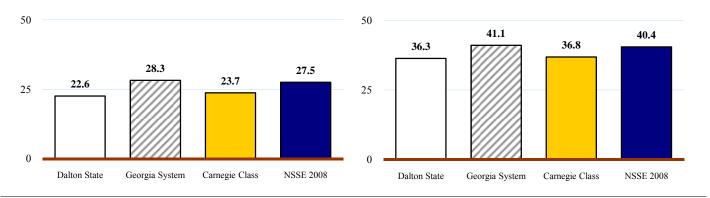
Dalton State compared with:

	Dalton State	Geor	gia Sy	stem	Carneg	gie Clas	SS	NSSE 2008			
				Effect			Effect			Effect	
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	Mean ^a	Sig b	Size c	
First-Year	22.6	28.3	***	41	23.7		09	27.5	***	36	
Senior	36.3	41.1	***	26	36.8		03	40.4	**	23	

First-Year Senior







Enriching Educational Experiences (EEE) Items

Complementary learning opportunities enhance academic programs. Diversity experiences teach students valuable things about themselves and others. Technology facilitates collaboration between peers and instructors. Internships, community service, and senior capstone courses provide opportunities to integrate and apply knowledge.

- Participating in co-curricular activities (organizations, campus publications, student government, social fraternity or sorority, etc.)
- Practicum, internship, field experience, co-op experience, or clinical assignment
- Community service or volunteer work
- Foreign language coursework / Study abroad
- Independent study or self-designed major
- Culminating senior experience (capstone course, senior project or thesis, comprehensive exam, etc.)
- Serious conversations with students of different religious beliefs, political opinions, or personal values
- Serious conversations with students of a different race or ethnicity than your own
- Using electronic medium (e.g., listserv, chat group, Internet, instant messaging, etc.) to discuss or complete an assignment
- Campus environment encouraging contact among students from different economic, social, and racial or ethnic backgrounds
- Participate in a learning community or some other formal program where groups of students take two or more classes together

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.

Supportive Campus Environment (SCE)

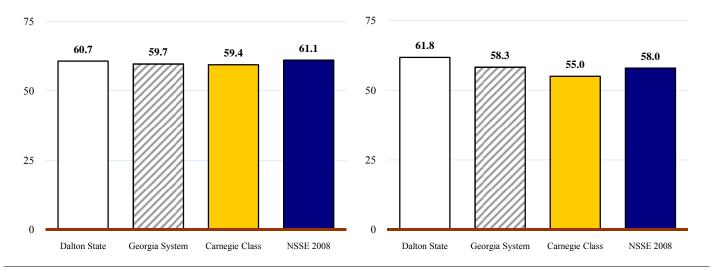
Benchmark Comparisons

Dalton State compared with:

	Dalton State	Georgia System	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2008
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Class	Mean ^a	Mean ^a Sig ^b Size ^c	Mean ^a Sig ^b Size ^c	Mean ^a Sig ^b Size ^c
First-Year	60.7	59.7 .05	59.4 .07	61.102
Senior	61.8	58.3 * .18	55.0 *** .35	58.0 ** .20

First-Year Senior

100



Supportive Campus Environment (SCE) Items

Students perform better and are more satisfied at colleges that are committed to their success and cultivate positive working and social relations among different groups on campus.

- Campus environment provides the support you need to help you succeed academically
- Campus environment helps you cope with your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)
- Campus environment provides the support you need to thrive socially
- Quality of relationships with other students
- Quality of relationships with faculty members
- Quality of relationships with administrative personnel and offices

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions

Interpreting the Top 10% and Top 50% Comparisons

This section of the NSSE Benchmark Comparisons report allows you to estimate the performance of your average student in relation to the average student attending two different institutional peer groups identified by NSSE for their high levels of student engagement: (a) those with benchmark scores placing them in the top 50% of all NSSE schools in 2008 and (b) those with benchmark scores in the top 10% for 2008. These comparisons allow an institution to determine if their engagement of their students differs in significant, meaningful ways from these high performing peer groups.

Example

		NSSEville State		NSSE Top :		NSSE 2008 Top 10%				
	LAC	<i>Mean</i> 57.1	<i>Mean</i> 55.8	Sig *	Effect size .10	<i>Mean</i> 60.5	Sig ***	Effect size -0.28		
ear	ACL	50.3	45.8	***	.28	50.7		-0.02		
t-Y	SFI	37.3	37.2		.01	42.0	***	-0.24		
First-Y	EEE	21.8	30.0	***	63	34.4	***	-0.98		
—	SCE	60.9	64.7	***	21	69.7	***	-0.49		

NSSEville State CAN conclude...

- The average score for NSSEville State first-year students is slightly above (i.e., small positive effect size) that of the average student attending NSSE 2008 schools that scored in the top 50% on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC).
- The average NSSEville State first-year student is as engaged (i.e., not significantly different) as the average student attending NSSE 2008 schools that scored in the top 10% on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).
- It is *likely* that NSSEville State is in the top 50% of all NSSE 2008 schools for first-year students on Level of Academic Challenge (LAC) and Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL).^{a,b}

NSSEville State CANNOT conclude^a...

- NSSEville State is in the top half of all schools on the Student-Faculty Interaction (SFI) benchmark for first-year students.^b
- NSSEville State is a "top ten percent" institution on Active and Collaborative Learning (ACL) for first-year students.^b

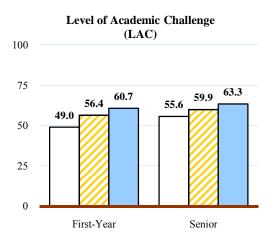
For additional information on how to understand and use the Top 50% and Top 10% section of the benchmark report, see www.nsse.iub.edu/2008_Institutional_Report/.

- ^a Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each benchmark, separately for first-year and senior students. Using this method, benchmark scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors are adjusted substantially toward the grand mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors receive smaller corrections. Thus, schools with less stable data, though they may have high scores, may not be identified among the top scorers.
- ^b NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release individual school results and because our policy against the ranking of institutions.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons With Highly Engaging Institutions Dalton State College

				Dalton State compared with										
		Dalton State		NSSE 2 Top 50			NSSE 2008 Top 10%							
		Mean ^a	Mean ^a	Sig b	Effect size c	Mean ^a Sig ^b Eff		Effect size c						
•	LAC	49.0	56.4	***	57	60.7	***	91						
First-Year	ACL	40.7	47.5	***	40	51.6	***	61						
t-Y	SFI	33.8	39.7	***	31	43.6	***	47						
Firs	EEE	22.6	30.3	***	57	33.0	***	73						
	SCE	60.7	65.8	***	28	68.5	***	42						
-	LAC	55.6	59.9	***	31	63.3	***	57						
Ä	ACL	54.0	55.4		08	59.7	***	33						
Senior	SFI	42.2	49.3	***	33	55.3	***	60						
Š	EEE	36.3	47.3	***	62	54.3	***	-1.04						
	SCE	61.8	63.5		09	66.7	***	26						

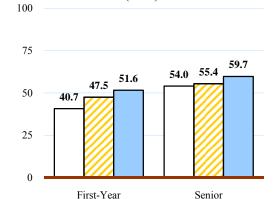




Dalton State
Top 50%

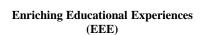
Top 10%

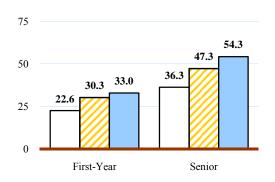
This display compares your students with those attending schools that scored in the top 50% and top 10% of all NSSE 2008 institutions on a particular benchmark.

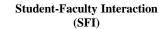


Active and Collaborative Learning

(ACL)

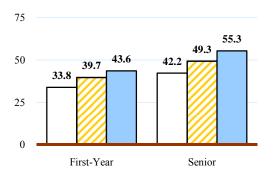




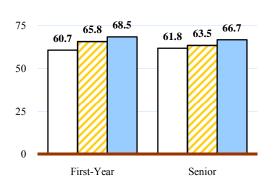


100

100



Supportive Campus Environment (SCE)



100

^a Weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b * p<.05 ** p<.01 ***p<.001 (2-tailed).

^c Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes ^a Dalton State College

First-Year Students

		3.5	G1 11		,	D:	a				Reference Group Comparison Statistics			
		Mea	an Stati	stics			ution Stercentile		<u>s</u>	-		n Statistic	Effect	
		Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^e	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of Freedom ^e	Mean Diff.	Sig. f	size g	
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	AC)												
Dalton State	(N = 503)	49.0	14.9	.7	26	37	49	59	75					
Georgia System		51.8	13.4	.1	30	43	52	61	73	550	-2.8	.000	21	
Carnegie Class		49.8	13.7	.3	27	40	50	59	71	675	8	.257	06	
NSSE 2008		52.9	13.5	.0	31	44	53	62	75	505	-3.9	.000	29	
Top 50%		56.4	13.1	.1	35	48	56	66	77	509	-7.4	.000	57	
Top 10%		60.7	12.8	.1	38	52	61	70	80	539	-11.7	.000	91	
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (AC	CL)											
Dalton State	(N = 546)	40.7	17.3	.7	14	29	38	50	75					
Georgia System		43.4	17.2	.2	19	33	43	52	75	10,195	-2.7	.000	16	
Carnegie Class		40.6	17.6	.3	17	29	38	52	71	3,477	.1	.942	.00	
NSSE 2008		42.5	16.9	.0	19	29	42	52	71	177,704	-1.9	.010	11	
Top 50%		47.5	17.0	.1	24	33	48	57	76	54,759	-6.8	.000	40	
Top 10%		51.6	17.9	.2	24	38	50	62	83	601	-10.9	.000	61	
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SF	I)												
Dalton State	(N = 505)	33.8	18.3	.8	11	22	33	40	67					
Georgia System		34.7	19.1	.2	11	22	33	44	72	568	9	.269	05	
Carnegie Class		34.0	18.7	.4	11	22	33	44	67	3,150	2	.810	01	
NSSE 2008		34.6	18.7	.0	11	22	33	44	72	162,443	9	.306	05	
Top 50%		39.7	19.4	.1	11	28	39	50	78	516	-5.9	.000	31	
Top 10%		43.6	21.2	.2	13	28	39	56	83	581	-9.8	.000	47	
ENRICHING EDUCATIONA	AL EXPERIEN	CES (EE	EE)											
Dalton State	(N = 491)	22.6	14.5	.7	6	13	19	31	46					
Georgia System		28.3	13.8	.2	8	19	27	36	51	8,918	-5.7	.000	41	
Carnegie Class		23.7	13.4	.3	6	14	22	31	47	3,018	-1.2	.082	09	
NSSE 2008		27.5	13.6	.0	8	18	26	36	51	156,444	-5.0	.000	36	
Top 50%		30.3	13.7	.1	11	21	29	38	54	71,509	-7.8	.000	57	
Top 10%		33.0	14.3	.1	11	23	32	42	58	15,201	-10.4	.000	73	
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT	(SCE)												
Dalton State	(N = 469)	60.7	19.5	.9	33	44	61	75	94					
Georgia System		59.7	19.0	.2	28	47	58	72	92	8,685	1.0	.257	.05	
Carnegie Class		59.4	19.1	.4	28	47	58	72	92	2,948	1.3	.169	.07	
NSSE 2008		61.1	18.9	.0	30	47	61	75	92	152,660	4	.681	02	
Top 50%		65.8	18.4	.1	33	53	67	78	94	477	-5.1	.000	28	
Top 10%		68.5	18.4	.2	36	56	69	81	97	506	-7.8	.000	42	

^a All statistics are weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b Standard Deviation is a measure of the average amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

^c The 95% confidence interval for the population mean it is equal to the sample mean plus/minus the product of 1.96 times the standard error of the mean.

^d A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

e Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.



NSSE 2008 Benchmark Comparisons Detailed Statistics and Effect Sizes ^a Dalton State College

Seniors

		3.6	64 . 4*		,	D: 4 'I	4	4 . 4• .4• .			Reference Group Comparison Statistics			
		Mea	an Stati	stics		Distrib	ercentile		<u> </u>	Deg. of		n Statistic	Effect	
		Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	s 75th	95th	Freedom ^e	Mean Diff.	Sig. f	size g	
LEVEL OF ACADEMIC CH	ALLENGE (LA	AC)												
Dalton State	(N = 208)	55.6	15.0	1.0	28	44	57	67	79					
Georgia System		56.2	14.2	.1	33	47	56	66	79	12,728	6	.544	04	
Carnegie Class		54.2	14.8	.3	30	44	54	65	78	3,498	1.4	.183	.10	
NSSE 2008		56.5	14.3	.0	33	47	57	67	79	299,752	9	.343	07	
Top 50%		59.9	13.8	.0	37	51	60	70	81	208	-4.3	.000	31	
Top 10%		63.3	13.5	.1	40	54	64	73	84	211	-7.7	.000	57	
ACTIVE AND COLLABORA	ATIVE LEARN	ING (AC	CL)											
Dalton State	(N = 216)	54.0	18.4	1.3	29	43	52	67	86					
Georgia System		52.5	17.8	.2	24	38	52	62	86	13,418	1.6	.200	.09	
Carnegie Class		50.1	17.8	.3	24	38	48	62	81	3,698	3.9	.002	.22	
NSSE 2008		50.8	17.6	.0	24	38	48	62	81	316,612	3.2	.007	.18	
Top 50%		55.4	17.2	.1	29	43	56	67	86	97,420	-1.4	.240	08	
Top 10%		59.7	17.3	.1	33	48	57	71	90	19,729	-5.6	.000	33	
STUDENT-FACULTY INTE	RACTION (SF	I)												
Dalton State	(N = 209)	42.2	20.4	1.4	17	28	39	56	83					
Georgia System		43.5	21.2	.2	13	28	39	56	83	12,796	-1.3	.374	06	
Carnegie Class		41.5	19.8	.3	17	28	39	56	78	3,525	.7	.638	.03	
NSSE 2008		42.3	21.2	.0	11	28	39	56	83	301,255	1	.946	.00	
Top 50%		49.3	21.5	.1	17	33	47	67	89	71,424	-7.1	.000	33	
Top 10%		55.3	21.7	.2	22	39	56	72	94	10,036	-13.1	.000	60	
ENRICHING EDUCATION	AL EXPERIEN	CES (EE	EE)											
Dalton State	(N = 204)	36.3	17.7	1.2	11	22	33	47	68					
Georgia System		41.1	17.8	.2	14	28	40	53	72	12,452	-4.7	.000	26	
Carnegie Class		36.8	17.6	.3	11	23	36	48	67	3,416	5	.709	03	
NSSE 2008		40.4	18.2	.0	12	27	40	53	72	293,615	-4.1	.001	23	
Top 50%		47.3	17.7	.1	18	35	47	60	76	100,730	-11.0	.000	62	
Top 10%		54.3	17.3	.1	22	43	55	67	81	15,705	-18.0	.000	-1.04	
SUPPORTIVE CAMPUS EN	VIRONMENT	(SCE)												
Dalton State	(N = 201)	61.8	18.5	1.3	31	53	61	75	92					
Georgia System		58.3	19.7	.2	25	44	58	72	92	12,225	3.5	.012	.18	
Carnegie Class		55.0	19.7	.4	22	42	56	69	89	3,345	6.8	.000	.35	
NSSE 2008		58.0	19.4	.0	25	44	58	72	89	288,969	3.9	.004	.20	
Top 50%		63.5	18.9	.1	31	50	64	78	94	83,917	-1.7	.215	09	
Top 10%		66.7	18.5	.1	33	56	67	81	97	19,741	-4.9	.000	26	

^a All statistics are weighted by gender, enrollment status, and institutional size.

^b Standard Deviation is a measure of the average amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

^c The 95% confidence interval for the population mean it is equal to the sample mean plus/minus the product of 1.96 times the standard error of the mean.

^d A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level benchmark scores at or below which a given percentage of benchmark scores fall.

e Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary for the total Ns due to weighting and the equal variance assumption.

f Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

^g Effect size is calculated by subtracting the comparison group mean from the school mean, and dividing the result by the pooled standard deviation.